



The importance of water risk assessments to improve business performance and sustainability.

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WWF Water Risk Filter Officer



Water risk as a starting point

“Water Stewardship is the use of water that is:

- 1. socially and culturally equitable,*
- 2. environmentally sustainable and*
- 3. economically beneficial*

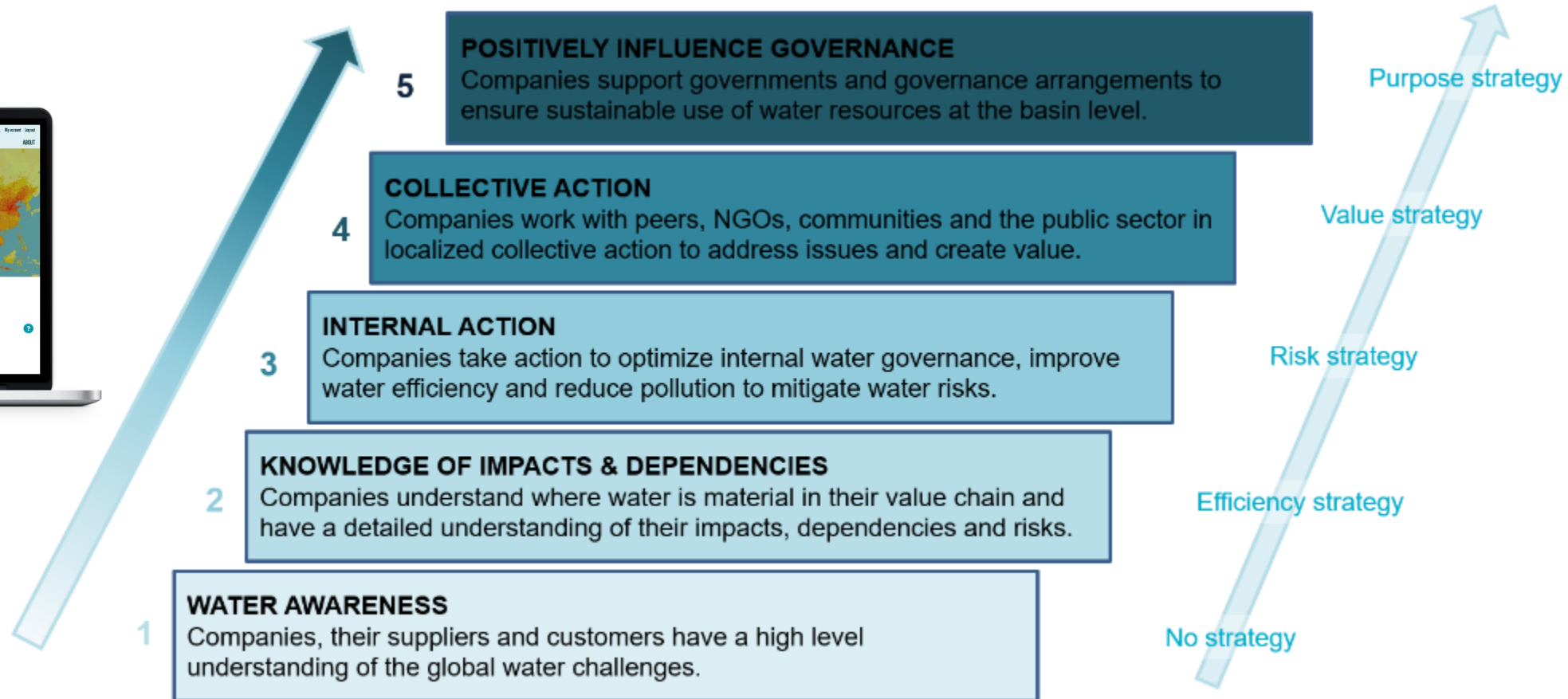
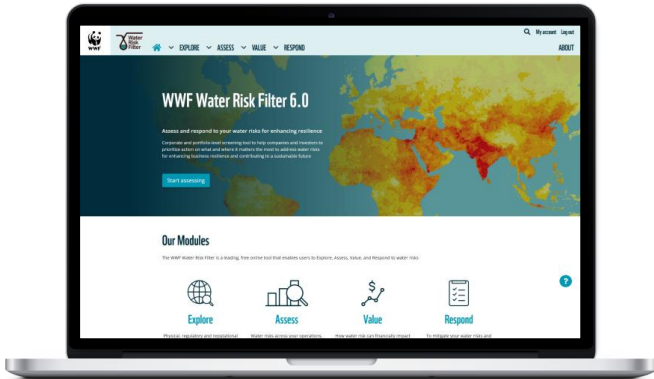
achieved through a stakeholder-inclusive process that involves site-and catchment-based actions. “

Alliance for Water Stewardship (2019)





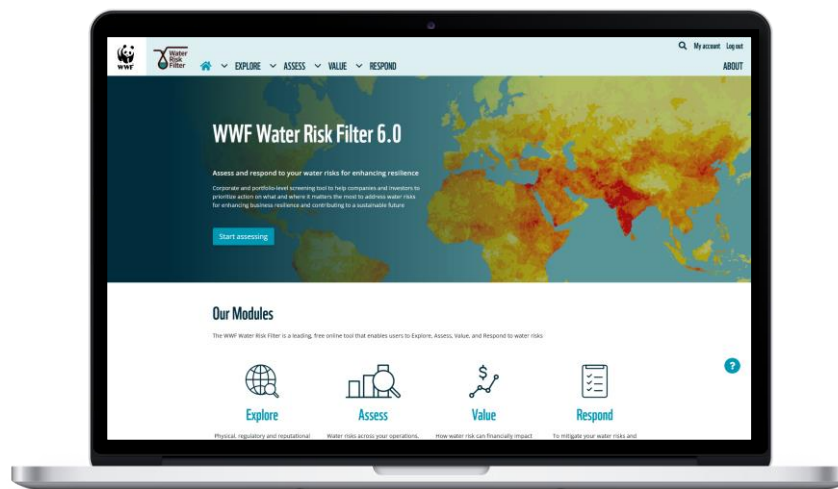
Water stewardship is a progressive journey: from risk to opportunities





WWF Water Risk Filter: Corporate-level screening & prioritisation tool

The WWF Water Risk Filter is a **corporate and portfolio-level screening tool** to enable companies and investors to identify water risks facing their operations, value chain and investments both **now and in the future**.



The outputs from the tool can help inform companies' water stewardship strategies and contextual water targets.

IMPORTANT: The tool is not designed for detailed local level risk assessment or to be used at singular site-level

<https://waterriskfilter.org/>



Users of the WWF Water Risk Filter: WWF Corporate Partners



H&M Group



M&S
EST. 1884



StanleyBlack&Decker





Water Risk Filter: Risk Assessment Framework



i.e., the nature of your basin
– contextual water status &
other users



Input
site geolocation



Basin

*e.g. scarcity, flood, quality
ecosystem service status*

*e.g. water policies, corruption,
management instruments,
infrastructure*

*e.g. biodiversity importance,
media scrutiny, conflict*

WATER RISK

Physical Risk

Regulatory Risk

Reputational Risk



Operational

*e.g. importance of water, withdrawals,
discharge, energy, treatment requirements*

e.g. regulatory changes, compliance, penalties

*e.g. media exposure, relative water use, brand
recognition*

i.e., the nature of your business
& your operational practices



Input
site operational data

[See the Water Risk Filter Methodology](#)



Water Risk Filter Scenarios



In line with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure (TCFD) recommendations, the scenarios dataset is based on a combination of the most relevant climate scenarios (IPCC CMIP5 Representative Concentration Pathways – RCP)-and socio-economic scenarios (IIASA Shared Socioeconomic Pathways – SSP)

Overview of the ensemble projections used in the WRF scenarios

| Risk type | Risk category | Ensemble Projection | Source |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Physical Risk | 1 - Water Scarcity | Water Scarcity Water Scarcity | IIASA Water Program Water Scarcity Atlas |
| | 2 - Flooding | Return period of 100-year flood discharge | The University of Tokyo |
| | 3 - Water Quality | N, P and BOD loading | IFPRI (CGIAR) |
| | 4 - Ecosystem Services Status | Environmental Flow Future Hydropower Reservoirs and Dams | NIES Japan Global Dam Watch |
| Regulatory Risk | 5 - Enabling Environment | Extended narratives towards water availability Hydro-Economic classification (Water Scarcity & GDP) | IIASA Water Program IIASA Water Program & IIASA World Population Program |
| | 6 - Institutions & Governance | | |
| | 7 - Management Instruments | | |
| | 8 - Infrastructure & Finance | | |
| Reputational Risk | 9 - Cultural Importance | Not available | - |
| | 10 - Biodiversity Importance | Amphibians species richness | SBIK-F |
| | 11 - Media Scrutiny | Not available | - |
| | 12 - Conflict | Hydro-political issues | EC JRC |

Overview of the narratives in the WRF scenarios pathways

| Optimistic scenarios | Current trend scenarios | Pessimistic scenarios |
|--|--|--|
| The optimistic scenarios represent a world with sustainable socio-economic development (SSP1) and ambitious reduction of GHG emissions (RCP2.6 /RCP4.5), leading to an increase of global mean surface temperature of approximately 1.5°C by the end of the 21st century.* | The current trend scenarios represent a world similar to current socio-economic development trends (SSP2) and intermediate GHG emission levels (RCP4.5 /RCP6.0), leading to an increase of global mean surface temperature of approximately 2°C by the end of the 21st century.* | The pessimistic scenarios represent a world with unequal and unstable socio-economic development (SSP3) and high GHG emission levels (RCP6.0 /RCP8.5), leading to an increase of global mean surface temperature of approximately 3.5°C by the end of the 21st century.* |

[See the Water Risk Filter Methodology](#)



Water Risk Filter: Assess - Analyse Risk



EXPLORE



ASSESS



VALUE



RESPOND



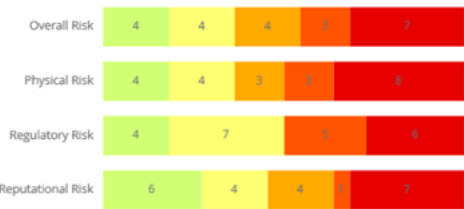
My account Log out

ABOUT

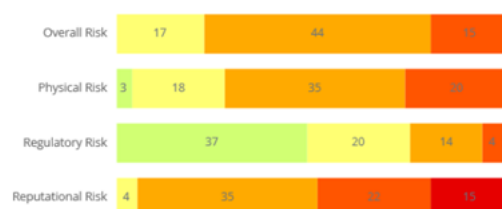
Introduction Manage Sites and Portfolio Assess Operational Risk **Analyse Risk**

Risk Chart

Operation related risk

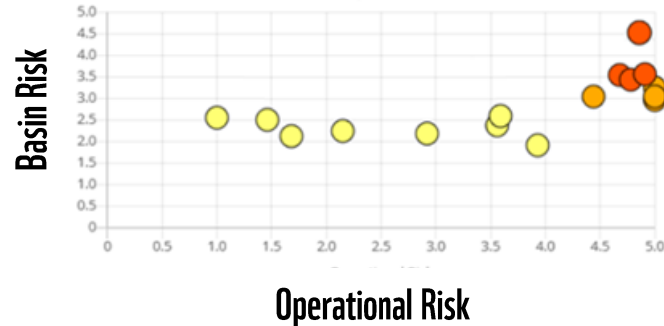


Basin related risk

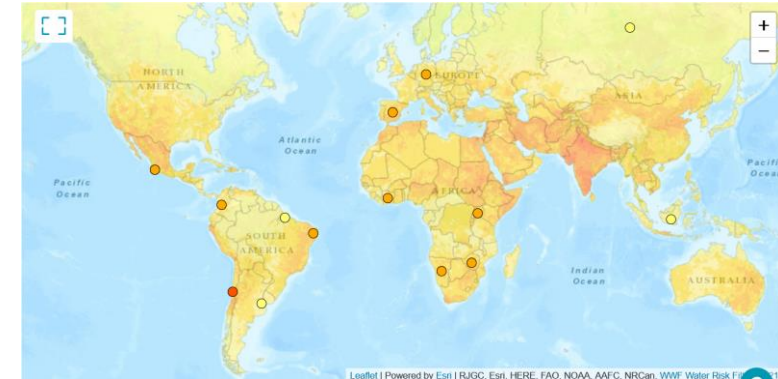


Portfolio Matrix

Basin vs Operational



Maps



Identify water risk hotspots across operations and supply chains using free online tool



Assess Basin Water Risk



From global data sets to local high res



Home EXPLORE ASSESS VALUE RESPOND

Introduction Maps Scenarios Country Profiles WWF Reports Case Studies Data & Methods Map Gallery

Which water risk aspect do you want to see?

Overall Basin Risk

Show more settings

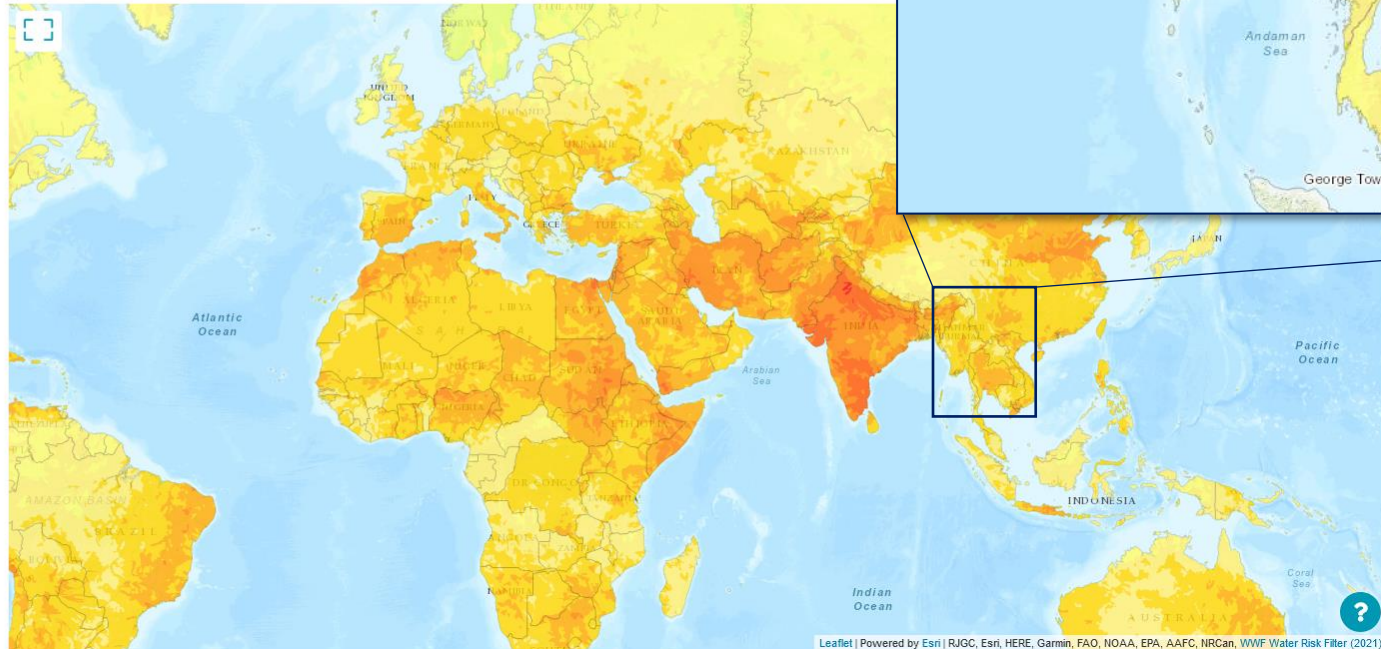
What am I seeing here?

Overall Risk

The Water Risk Filter overall risk is a comprehensive risk layer which aggregates three water risk types: physical, regulatory, and reputational - aligned to the UN Global Compact CEO Water Mandate framework. Each of the risk types are informed by four categories for a comprehensive coverage.

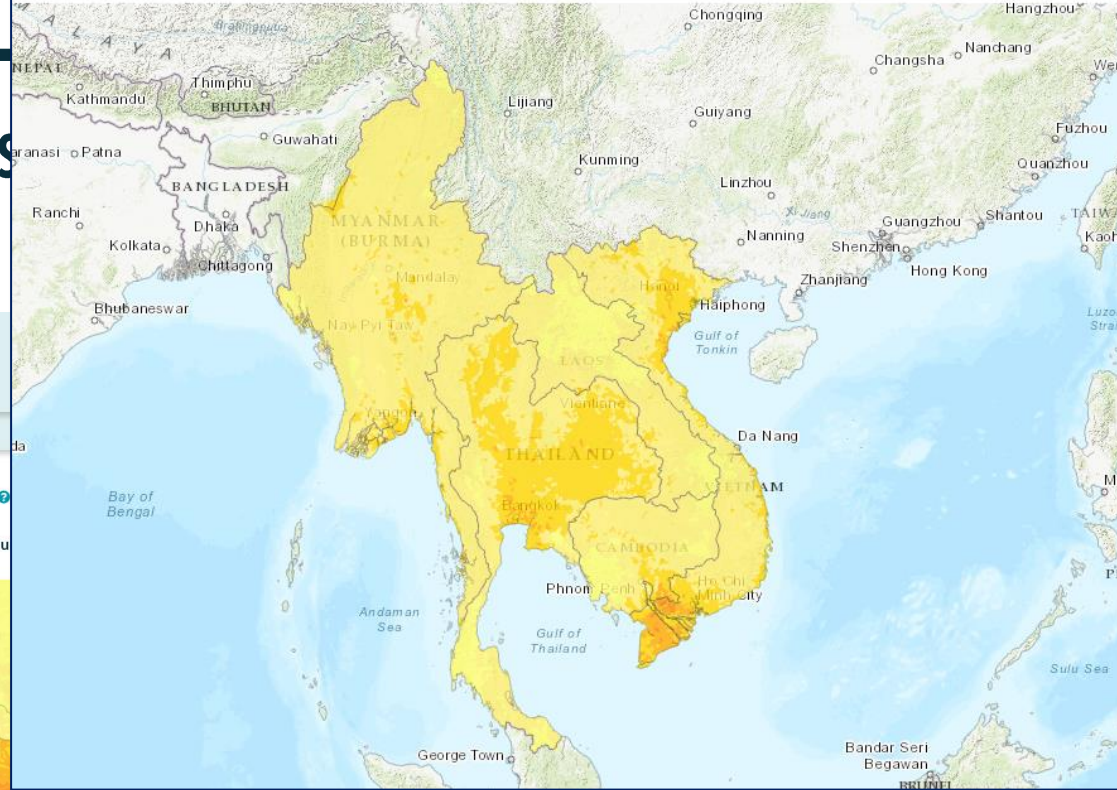
Physical risk comprises water scarcity, flooding, water quality, and ecosystem services status. Regulatory risk comprises enabling environment, institutions & governance, management instruments, and infrastructure & finance. Whilst reputational risk comprises cultural importance, biodiversity importance, media scrutiny, and conflict. See the specific risk type layers for more details.

WWF Water Risk Filter (2021)



Select global or local higher resolution datasets

Global Europe Mekong Brazil Chile Colombia Great Britain Hungary South Africa Spain

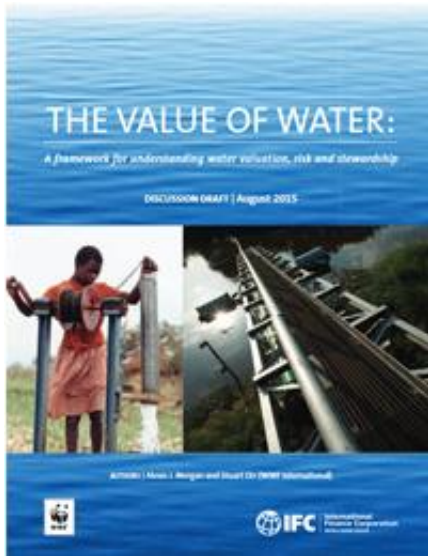




WWF WRF resources

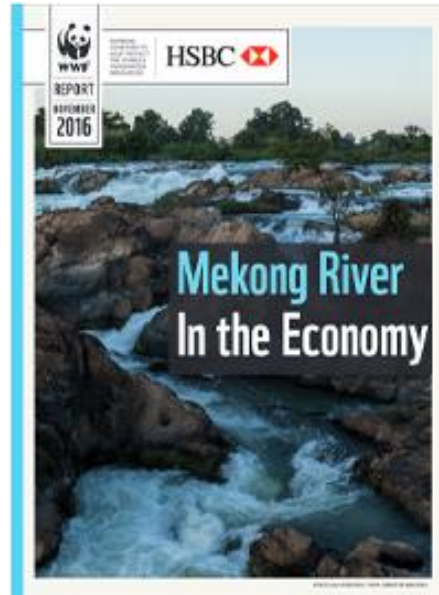


WWF Reports on the value of water



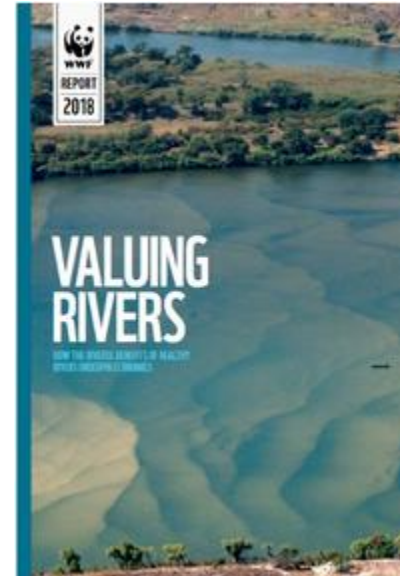
2015

A framework for understanding water valuation, risk and stewardship



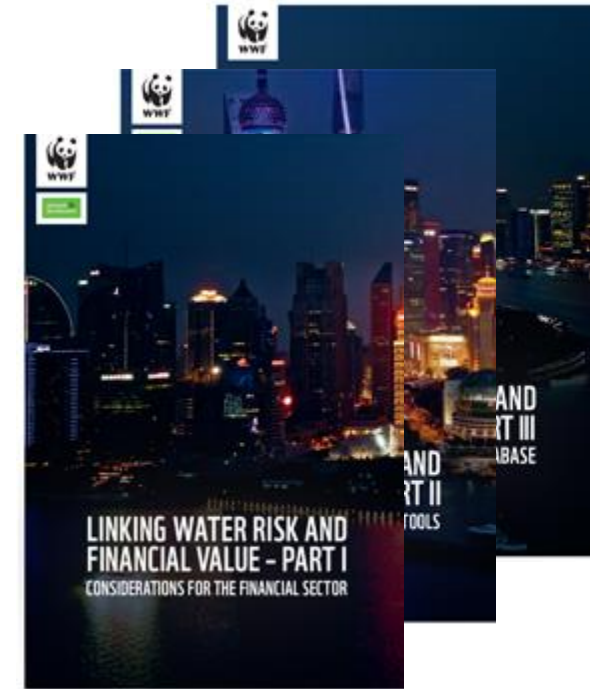
2016

River in the economy reports



2018

How the diverse benefits of healthy rivers underpin economies



2020

How the diverse benefits of healthy rivers underpin economies



WWF WRF Value Section



EXPLORE

ASSESS

VALUE

RESPOND

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ABOUT

Introduction Valuing Water Database Water And Value (WAVE) Tool Valuing Rivers in the Economy



Valuing Water Database

Covering over 100+ tools and approaches, the Valuing Water Database will help you navigate through to identify the best one for your needs



Water And Value (WAVE)

WWF is in the process of developing a new valuation tool to help analyse how water risk can affect financial statements – stay tuned!



Valuing Rivers in the Economy

Learn about how river ecosystems are central to global economies – from risk mitigation to value creation



Case studies



Water Risk Filter – EDEKA Case Study



- As a first step in EDEKA’s water stewardship work with WWF, the Water Risk Filter was used to assess **water risks at a global scale** across their supply chain
- EDEKA conducted a **finer scale assessment** using the Water Risk Filter **high resolution data sets for Spain** which helped them better identify risks and shared challenges to support their project with Spanish Citrus farmers and implementation of AWS Standard
- Results of the risk assessment helped them identify their water risk hotspots and develop systematic approaches to monitor and address these risks



WHY WATER MATTERS TO FOOD RETAIL COMPANIES?

Around 70% of the world’s freshwater is used for agricultural production. Furthermore, the vast majority of the disruptions to global biogeochemical (i.e. nutrient) cycles stem from fertilizer use to increase crop production.

The world’s water challenges are, to a large extent the world’s sustainable food production challenges.

Recognizing this, many of the world’s largest food, beverage and retail companies have started to engage their supply chains in an effort to mitigate their biggest water risks.

WWF & EDEKA GROUP PARTNERSHIP: HOW IT ALL STARTED

The starting point for any company with a significant agricultural commodity supply chain such as EDEKA’s is to engage in a water risk assessment.

Therefore when EDEKA’s water stewardship work with WWF started in 2012, the WWF Water Risk Filter tool was used to assess water risks at a global scale across their supply chain. More specifically, the physical, regulatory and reputational water risks for over 2,300 own brand products were analyzed.

ASSESSING WATER RISK AT GLOBAL SCALE

Businesses around the world face diverse physical, regulatory and reputational water risks. The WWF Water Risk Filter contains a total of 32 global basin risk indicators to enable a comprehensive assessment of all three risk types.

EDEKA and WWF have co-developed a unique customized version of the Water Risk Filter tool: the EDEKA Water Risk Tool. Since its launch in 2018, 20 of EDEKA’s suppliers, accounting for almost 300 farms, have analyzed their water risks based on location and product specific information. Based on their identified water risk, they are encouraged to provided evidence of appropriate mitigation measures. The tool will be rolled out gradually to fruit and vegetable suppliers, followed by suppliers from other product areas.



“The EDEKA Water Risk Tool helps us to identify suppliers in regions with particularly high water risks, which are supported by the Water Partners Program, in the implementation of measures to reduce these risks, including training and certification.”

– Rolf Lange, Head of Corporate Communications EDEKA AG



<https://waterriskfilter.org/explore/casestudies>



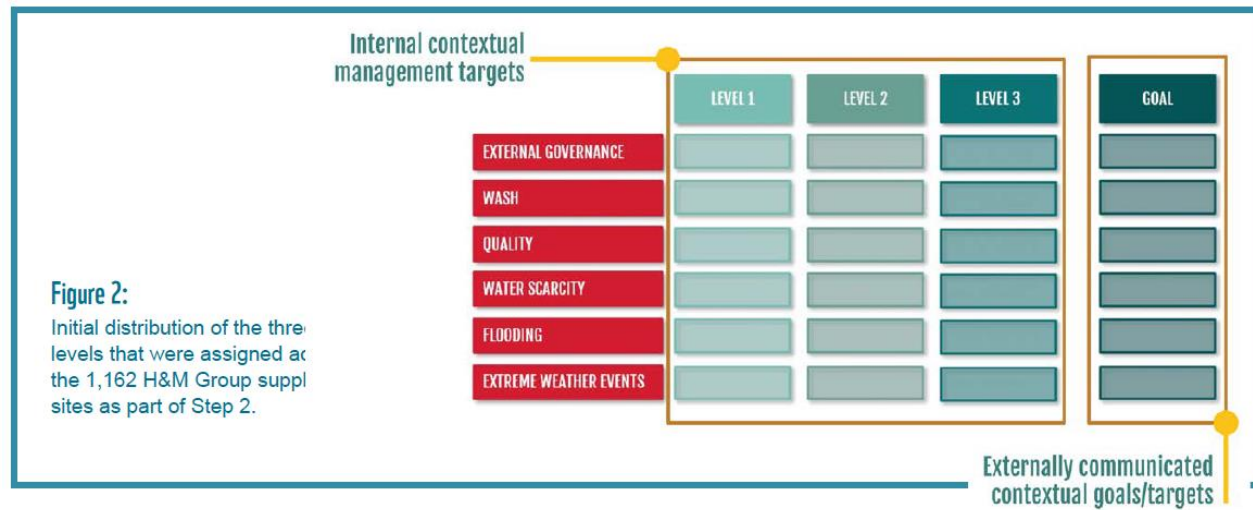
Case Study: From Risk Assessment to Targets with H&M Group

H&M Group



Leveraging outputs of Water Risk Filter (WRF) to inform contextual water targets for 1,100 H&M Group suppliers

- Evaluate:** WRF indicated used as proxy values to evaluate the Current State, Dependencies and Impact/Influence
- Structure:** WWF & H&M Group developed a matrix structure for targets and goals
- Validate:** Results shared with regional H&M Group managers for validation
- Agree:** Refinement on targets
- Roll up:** Each level of targets has an assigned delivery data to monitor and report against progress





Services & resources to get started!



Need expert support?

WWF Water Risk Filter Team can provide a range of different services for bespoke water risk assessment & recommendations.

- To learn more, contact: waterriskfilter@wwf.de

Resources

- Tutorial available from homepage: <https://tutorials.waterriskfilter.org/#/>
- WWF Risk Reports: <https://waterriskfilter.org/explore/waterriskreports>
 - The value of water: [A framework for understanding water valuation, risk and stewardship](#)
 - Fresh Water Risks & Opportunity [series of reports](#)
 - Valuing Rivers: https://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/wwf_valuing_rivers_final_.pdf
 - Water in the Economy reports – [Mekong River in the Economy](#)
- User Case Studies: <https://waterriskfilter.org/explore/casestudies>
- Data & Methods: <https://waterriskfilter.org/explore/dataandmethods>
- Email your questions to: waterriskfilter@wwf.de



We want your feedback!

[Go to survey](https://forms.office.com/r/rxSHz0Rwds)

(<https://forms.office.com/r/rxSHz0Rwds>)



Thank you



<http://waterriskfilter.org>



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